Spills & Overfills

NCDEQ – Waste Management Underground Storage Tank Section

Spill / Overfill



Spill and Overfill Prevention

to eliminate the potential for a release of product during fuel deliveries

Four Topics in this section

- Spill Prevention
- Overfill Prevention also
- Vapor Recovery
- Product Compatibility

What's the difference?

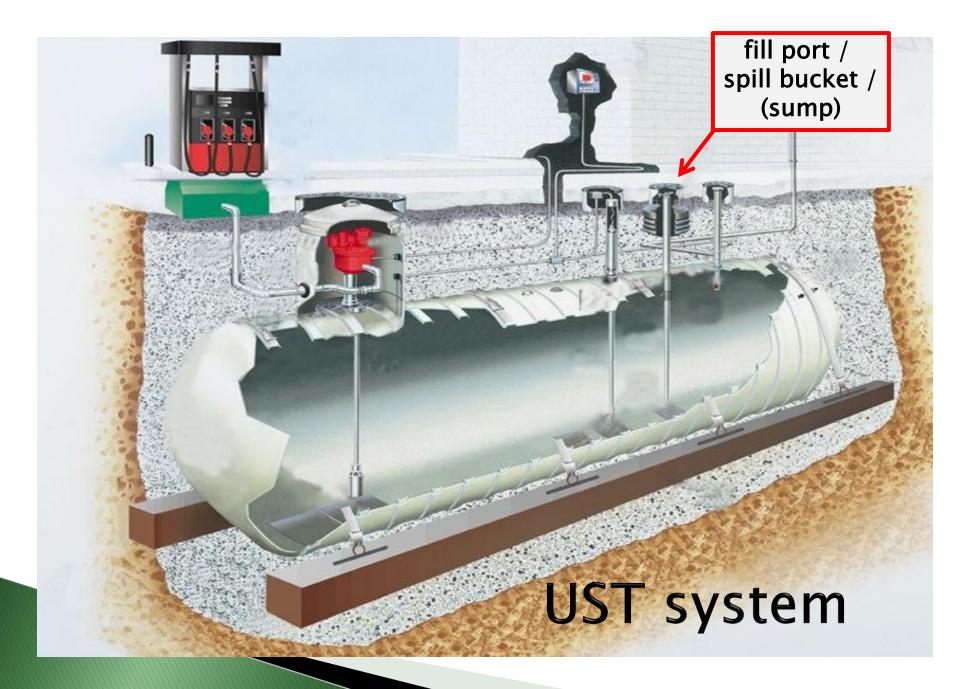
Spill prevention:

 Contains drips and spills of fuel that occur when delivery hose is uncoupled from fill port

Overfill prevention:

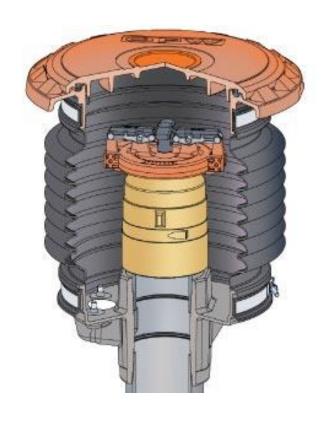
 Provides transporter with indication that tank is approaching full during delivery

Spill / Overfill

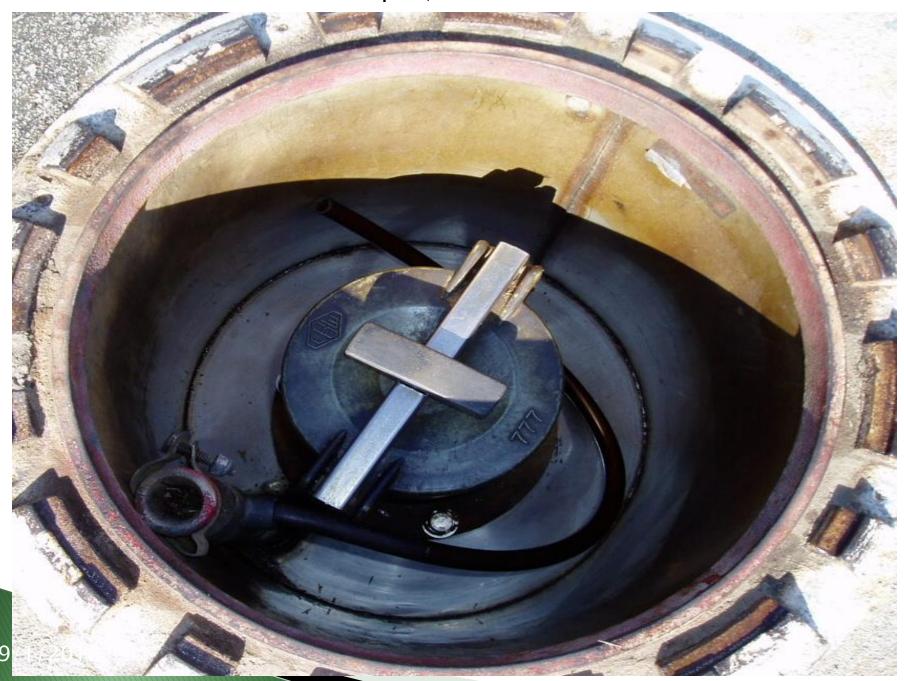


Spill / Overfill





Spill / Overfill



Spill / Overfill



#6 on checklist

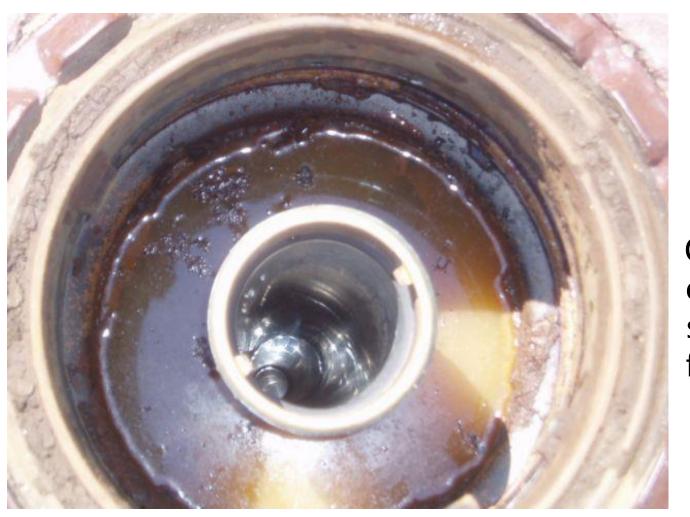
Spill prevention
Local Fill
Is spill prevention operating properly?

Fill ports must have spill buckets



- temporarily contains spilled fuel
- NOT designed to hold fuel longterm
- typically 5 25 gallon capacity
- must be empty, clean, undamaged

Spill / Overfill





Garbage, water, or fuel takes up space designed for a spill

Installations after Nov 1,2007

Secondary Containment required on

- ✓ Tanks
- Piping
- Spill buckets

> meaning: Double walled

Spill buckets installed after Nov 1, 2007?

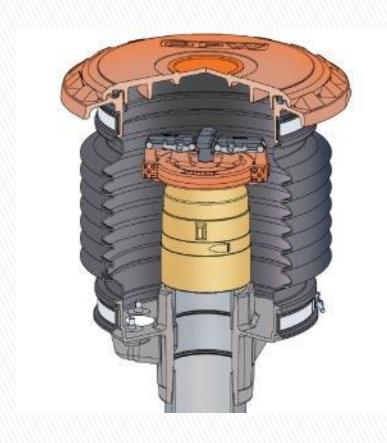
SPILL PREVENTION

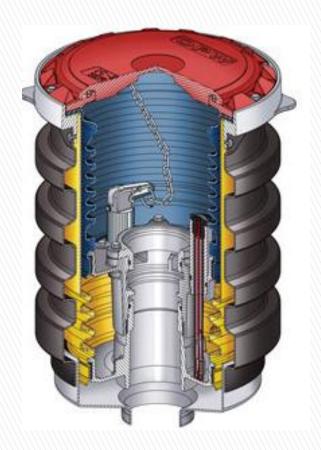
Has DWM been notified of spill methods?

Spill/Overfill Details	Tank #1(A1A)	Tank #2(A1B)	Tank #3(A1C)	Tank #4(4)
Is a drop tube present?				
Type of Stage I vapor recovery?				

	Local Fill	Tank #1(A1A)	Tank #2(A1B)	Tank #3(A1C)	Tank #4(4)
	Does Tank have a Remote Fill?				
	Is spill prevention equipment provided and				
	verified?				
	Spill bucket is double-walled? (If installed after				
	11/1/07)				
7	Spill bucket is isolated or made of non-corroding				
	materials? (If installed after 11/1/07)				
•	Date spill prevention provided				
)	Is spill prevention operating properly?				
8	If No, select all that apply				
	If other, describe				

Spill bucket (sump)



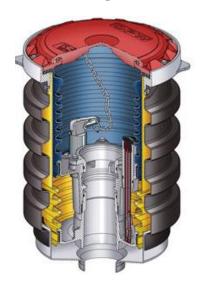


Single walled

Double walled

Installed after 11/1/07

- NEW spill buckets are <u>double-walled</u>
- Electronic sensor monitors interstice
- Sensor wired to computer/console/printer



Installed after 11/1/07

REQUIREMENT:

- 2 printouts per month for each spill bucket sensor
- keep 12 months of printouts

```
JUN 17, 2008 10:34 AM

SMART SENSOR STATUS

JUN 17, 2008 10:34 AM

s 1:87 T-1 INT SEN

SENSOR NORMAL

* * * * * END * * * * *
```

ALARM HISTORY REPORT

--- SMARTSENSOR ALARM --s 1:87 T-1 INT SEN
SETUP DATA WARNING
JUN 6. 2008 9:43 AM

VACUUM WARNING
MAY 21. 2008 1:06 PM

NO VACUUM ALARM
MAY 21. 2008 11:07 AM

Installed after 11/1/07

REQUIREMENT

UST-22B form every year
 check bucket sensor

 UST-23A form every 3 years check bucket tightness

UST Site Diagram

Fuel Mart 27 UST Site Diagram for: _____ **UST** Raleigh Blvd Spill Bucket 0 * 0 0 \otimes Hart Road Fuel Mart 27 $\stackrel{\wedge}{>\!\!\!>}$

#7 on checklist

Overfill Prevention
Overfill Control
Type of overfill equipment

Spill / Overfill

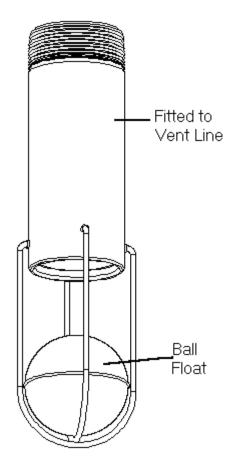
Overfill prevention equipment

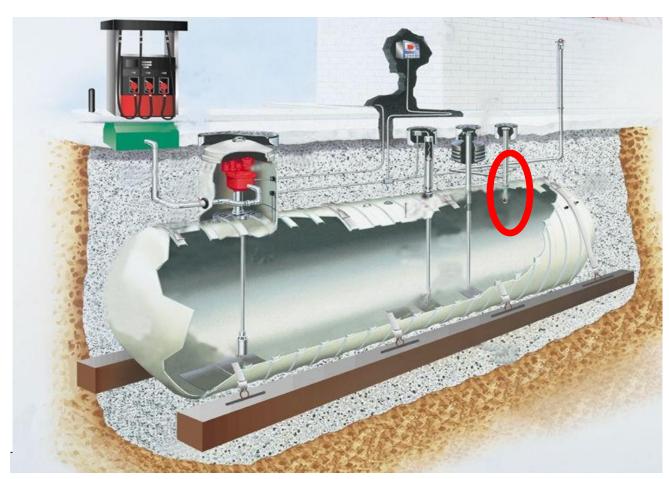
- ▶ Ball float
- High level alarm
- Auto shutoff device / flapper



Spill / Overfill

Ball Float





Spill / Overfill



Ball float valves

- Reduces flow of delivery
- Does NOT STOP it
- Slows fuel delivery at 90% capacity or 30 min before overfilling

Ball float valves



ONLY verified with a PICTURE or WRITTEN verification

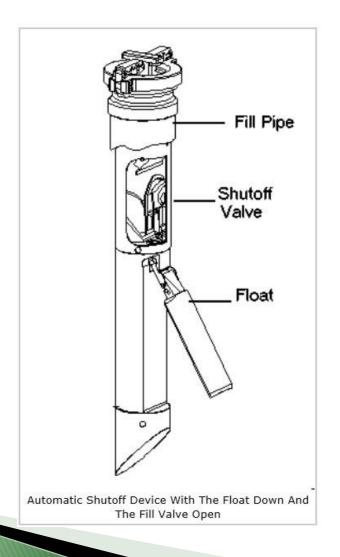
- NOT compatible with:
 - Pressurized fuel delivery
 - Suction piping
 - Coaxial vapor recovery

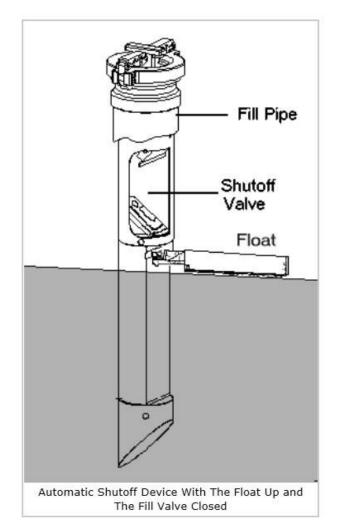
High Level Alarm

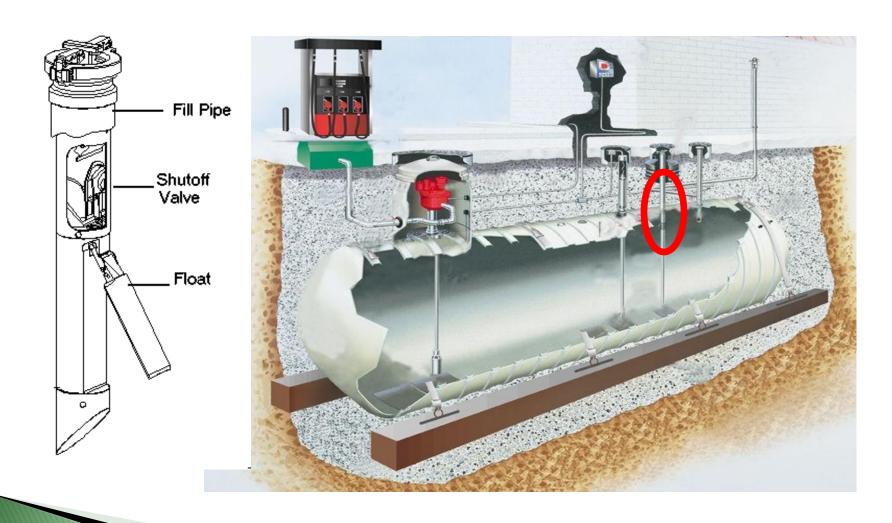
- Does NOT reduce or stop fuel delivery
- Audible and/or visual warning at 90% capacity
- Must be located where it can be seen / heard from delivery site (outdoors)











- Stops fuel delivery into the tank, BUT not out of the truck
- Stops delivery at 95% capacity
- Usually verified visually (fill port)





Spill / Overfill

UST Site Diagram

Fuel Mart 27 UST Site Diagram for: _____ UST Raleigh Blvd Spill Bucket (O* Overfill Prevention Ball float, **⊚*** Flapper, Alarm? (O* \otimes Hart Road Fuel Mart 27 $\frac{1}{2}$

Your overfill responsibilities

- Ensure amount of fuel ordered will fit
- Monitor the fuel delivery
 - Have spill response supplies ready
- Use signs and notify delivery person of overfill device

Overfill installed after 11/1/07

OVERFILL PREVENTION

Has DWM been notified of overfill methods?

Overfill Control	Tank #1(A1A)	Tank #2(A1B)	Tank #3(A1C)
Is overfill prevention			
equipment provided and			
verified?			
Date overfill control			
provided			
Type of overfill equipment	-		
Source of information for			
overfill control verification			
If other, describe			
Is overfill control operating			
properly?			
If No, select all that apply			
If other, describe			
Annual overfill check date			

Overfill installed after 11/1/07

Additional test required

UST-22A form every year check for operation/damage

#5 on checklist

Spill prevention
Spill/Overfill Details
Type of Stage 1 vapor recovery?

Vapor Recovery

- Vapor takes up space, like air
- Fuel into tank means vapor comes out of tank
- Kerosene and Diesel vapor recovery not required
- Division of Air Quality regulates this but we check that you have the equipment

Vapor Recovery

Vapor Recovery

Two types:

- 1. Coaxial
- 2. Dual Point

Inspector checks if it is:

- Present
- Operational

NOT required for Diesel or Kerosene

Vapor Recovery

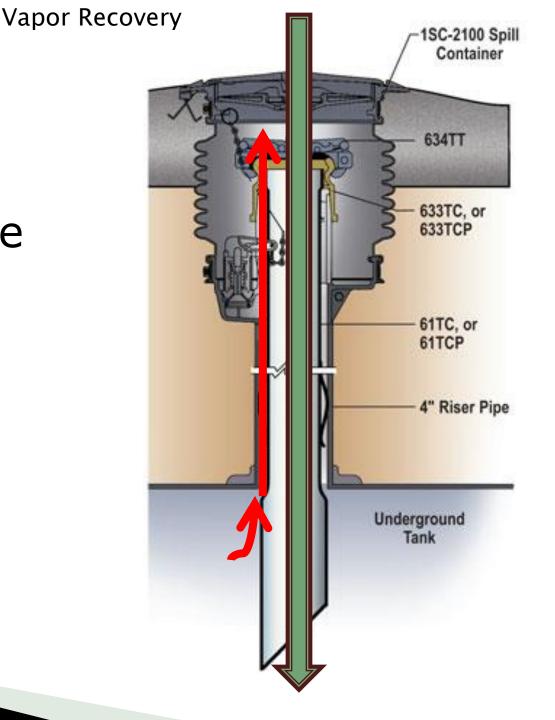
Coaxial:

Inside fill port in spill bucket



Coaxial:

Fill tube is inside larger vapor recovery tube



Dual Point:

- In its own sump.
- Remove pipe cap.
- Spring loaded valve inside



Vapor Recovery

Dual Point: manifold



Spill / Overfill

UST Site Diagram

Fuel Mart 27 UST Site Diagram for: _____ **UST** Raleigh Blvd Spill Bucket <u></u> Overfill Prevention Vapor Recovery Coaxial or \otimes Hart Road **Dual Point?** Fuel Mart 27

Common Alternative Fuels

Same rules apply for

- traditional gasoline
- E10=10% ethanol/90% gas
- B20= 20% biodiesel/80% diesel

Extra Requirements

Anything over:

- 10% ethanol
- 20% biodiesel

Fuel Compatibility

Extra requirement = UST 20 Form

- Submit PRIOR to storing fuel that is:
 - >10% ethanol, or
 - >20% biodiesel
- UST 20 completed by UST owner/operator and equipment contractor or PE
- Include
 - Documents verifying compatibility OR
 - **Compatibility analysis by PE**

Spill / Overfill



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Fuel Compatibility

Example of Accelerated Corrosion





Standard, non-E85 fuel

E85

Same facility - Same install date

Photos courtesy Iowa DNR

Corrosion Protection: Tanks

NCDENR Division of Waste Management Underground Storage Tank Section

Tank Corrosion Protection

Protecting the integrity of the UST walls



9/1/2016



Tank Corrosion Protection:

- A. Non-corrodible materials
 - FRP (fiberglass reinforced plastic),
 - composite, jacketed, clad
- B. Internal Lining
- c. Sacrificial Anodes
- D. Impressed Current

#1 on checklist

Corrosion Protection Tank Corrosion Protection CP Method 1

- FRP/ DWFRP/ Jacketed/ Clad (Non-corrodible materials)
- Internal Lining
- Sacrificial Anodes
- Impressed Current



1. Non-corrodible Materials UST

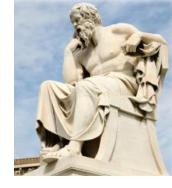
FRP

(Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic)

DW FRP

(Double-Walled)





Non-corrodible Materials UST

- Steel/FRP Composite
- Jacketed/Clad



Non-corrodible Material Records:

- Written verification of tank material:
 - Installation or repair invoice
 - Original UST-8 form signed by installer at time of installation
 - Verifiable photographs of installation
- Visual verification:
 - Not typical for tanks

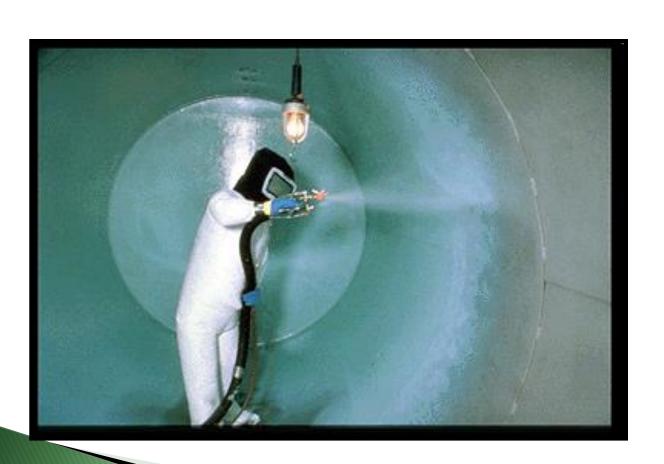
Corrosion protection <u>testing NOT required</u>

Tank Corrosion Protection

Tank (Corrosion	Tank Leak Detection	Pi	ping Corrosion Protection	1	Piping Leak Detection – (circle one)				
Protec	ction						Suction / Pressurized / Both			
			Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized		
Metho	₹P	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)		
p.	11					European American/ Standard	MLLD	LTT SIR ELLD IM		
ı	g Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency		
In In US	stall voice ST 8	Pocumentation / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation		
2 MPN 9	A	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date		

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2. Internal Lining



Applying
 non corrodible
 lining
 inside UST

Internal Lining Testing:

Internal inspection within 10 years of installation,

- ▶ Then every 5 years thereafter
- Tightness test after every internal inspection

Internal Lining Records:

- Most recent internal inspection results
- Most recent tightness test results
- Keep repair invoices
- National code or standard used for installation

Tank Corrosion Protection

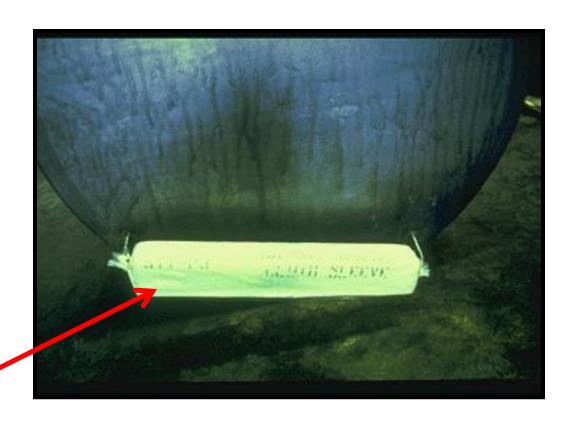
Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	Piping Corrosion Protection			Piping Leak Detection – (circle one) Suction / Pressurized / Both			
ו יו		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized	
Interna Lining p. 11	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method (circle one) European American/ Standard	Method (circle one) ELLD MLLD	Method (circle one) LTT SIR ELLD	
Testing Frequency 10 yrs 5 yrs	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	
Internation Internation Internation Inspection Results TTT re	tion	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	
Z Next Hrite — — /	Next- date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	

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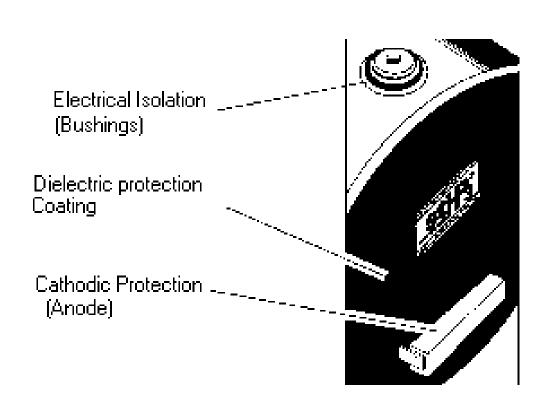
3. Sacrificial Anode UST

Anodes

 (zinc or magnesium)
 connected to structure by welding or lead wires



Sacrificial Anode UST:



Anode corrodes, instead of UST



Sacrificial Anode UST

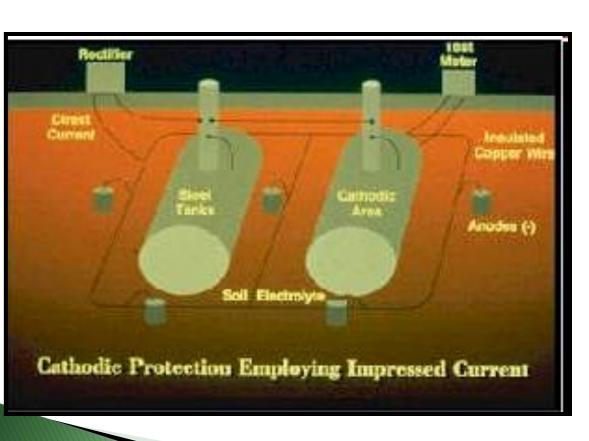
- ▶ Test every 3 **yea**rs
- Done by *qualified* cathodic protection tester
- Report results on UST-7A form
- Keep the (2) most recent tests

Tank Corrosion Protection

Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	Piping Corrosion Protection			Piping Leak Detection—(circle one) Suction / Pressurized / Both		
		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)
Sacrific					European	ELLD	LΠ
Anode p. 12	S				American/ Standard	MLLD	SIR ELLD IM
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
7 A Next dr.ie	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date

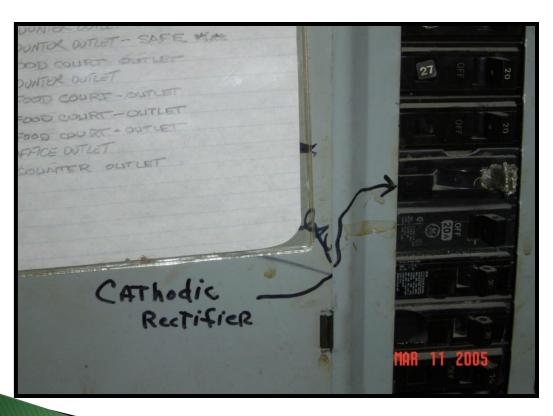
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4. Impressed Current Systems



- Anodes located in soil around structures to be protected
- Electrical current is applied to anodes

Impressed Current Requirements:



- Requires
 dedicated and
 protected circuit
- Power must not be interrupted
- Breaks in wiring result in system failure

Impressed Current Requirements:



Rectifier Box

- Operator must inspect system every 60 days
- Record reading on UST-21 form
- If reads ZERO , Call testing company
- If changes by > 20%,
 Call testing company
- Make sure meter never loses power

Add Rectifier Box to Site Diagram





UST Site Diagram:

Fuel Mart 27 **UST Site Diagram for:** ___ **UST** Raleigh Blvd Spill Bucket Overfill Prevention Flapper Valve Vapor Recovery Coaxial **○*** STP **Hart Road** \sqcap ATG Fuel Mart 27 Dispenser **ATG Console** Rectifier Box

Impressed Current Records



- Test IC system every 3 years
- Done by qualified *cathodic protection* tester
- Report results on **UST-7B** form

UST-7B

NORTH CAROLINA CATHODIC PROTECTION SYSTEM **EVALUATION FOR IMPRESSED CURRENT SYSTEMS**



- This form must be utilized to evaluate underground storage tank (UST) cathodic protection systems in the State of North Carolina.
- A copy of this completed form must be submitted by the owner /operator to the NCDENR UST Section, at the address listed below, within 30 days of testing.
- Access to the soil directly over the cathodically protected structure that is being evaluated must be provided.

A site drawing depictir	ig the UST cathodic protec	ction system and all refere	ence electrode placements must be compl	eted.				
I. UST OWNER			II. UST FACILITY					
Name:			Name:		Facility ID:			
Address:			Address:					
Address.			Address:					
City:		State:	City:	County:				
III. REASON SURVE	Y WAS CONDUCT	ED (mark only one)						
Routine – 3 year	Routine – within 6 m	nonths of installation	Re-survey as soon as the cathodic state polarization design standards					

Tank Corrosion Protection

Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	Pi	Piping Corrosion Protection			Piping Leak Detection – (circle one)		
1					Suction / Pressurized / Both			
		Tankend	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized	
Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	
١.	l .				(circle one)	(circle one)	(circle one)	
Impres					European	ELLD	ιπ	
Curren	Nt-				,		SIR	
					American/ Standard	MLLD	ELLD	
p. 12					Stanuaru		IM	
							livi	
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	
60 day 3 yrs	/S							
Rectification reading 7B		Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	
Next de le	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	

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Problems with Cathodic Protection

(Sacrificial Anodes or Impressed Current)

Problems with Impressed Current:



Broken Wires

Problems with Impressed Current:



No power

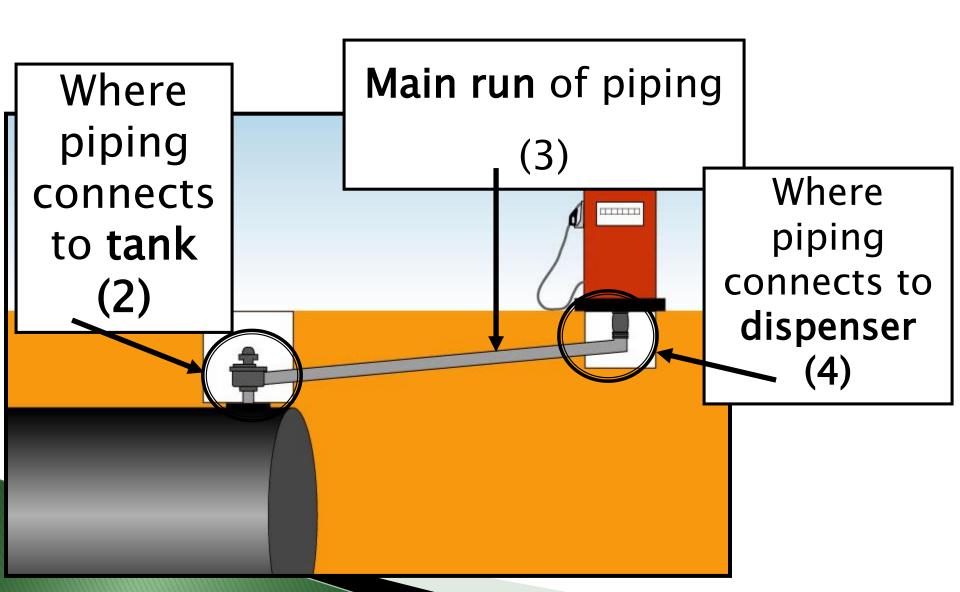
Problems with Cathodic Protection

If rectifier, impressed current, or sacrificial anode test FAILS or there has been NO ELECTRICITY

See corrosion protection guidance documents on website

UST Piping – Corrosion Protection

NCDENR Division of Waste Management Underground Storage Tank Section





Pump Sump over tank allows you to



- Verify piping material
- Verify isolation of metal components
- Check it is clean and dry

Pump Sump over tank



UST Site Diagram:

Fuel Mart 27 UST Site Diagram for: _____ **UST** Raleigh Blvd Spill Bucket Overfill Prevention Flapper Valve Vapor Recovery Coaxial Containment Hart Road sump Fuel Mart 27

#2, #3, #4 on checklist

CORROSION PROTECTION

Tank Corrosion Protection

2 - Corrosion Protection Method (for piping at tank)

Pipe Corrosion Protection

3 - CP Method (along the main run of piping)

Dispenser Corrosion Protection

4 - Corrosion Protection Method (at the dispenser)

Corrosion protection options on 10 B

- Isolated, Booted
- FLEX, FRP, DW FLEX, DW FRP
- Sacrificial Anodes (SA)
- Impressed Current (IC)
- N/A (generator tank ?)
- Unknown (violation?)

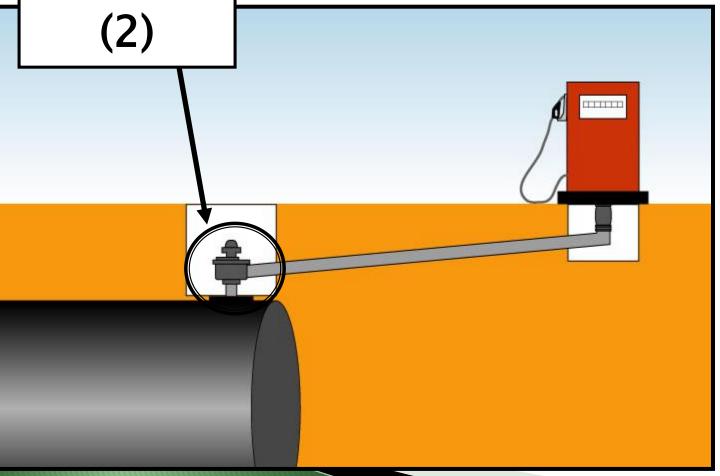
- Isolated, Booted
- FLEX, DW FLEXFRP, DW FRP
- Sacrificial Anodes (SA)
- Impressed Current (IC)
- N/A (generator tank)
- Unknown violation?

UST System Compliance Plan

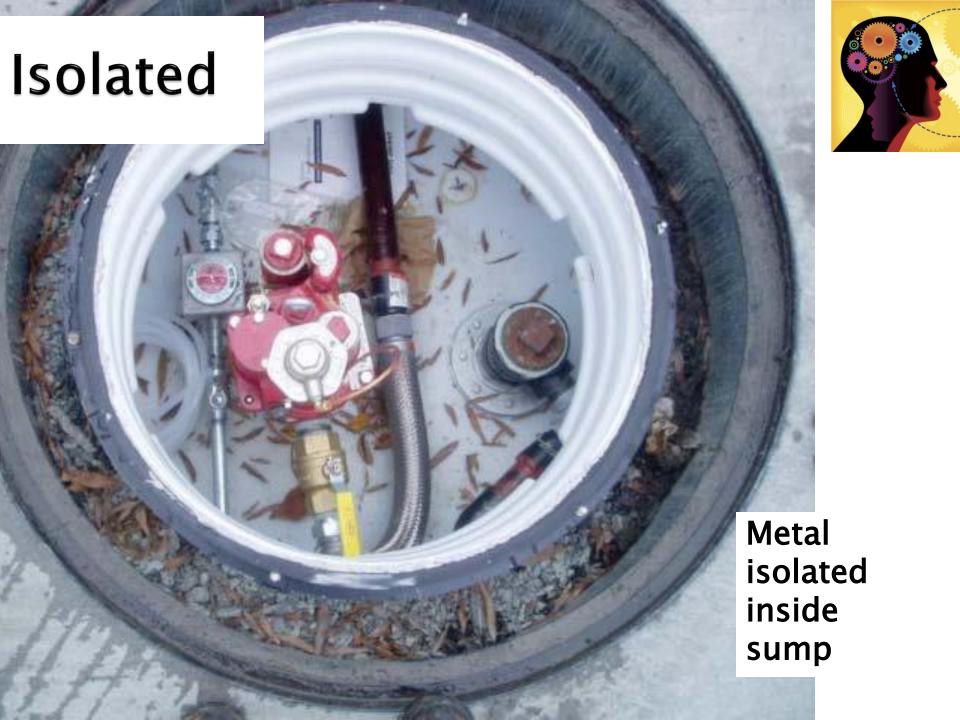
Tank Leak Detection	Piping Corrosion Protection						
	2 Tank end	3 Main Run	4Dispenser end				
Method	Method	Method	Method .	Method			
Tasking Faculty	Tasking Francisco	Tasking Function	Tasking Fungueses	Testing			
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	resting			
Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Docume			
Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next da			

Where piping connects to tank (2)

Isolated



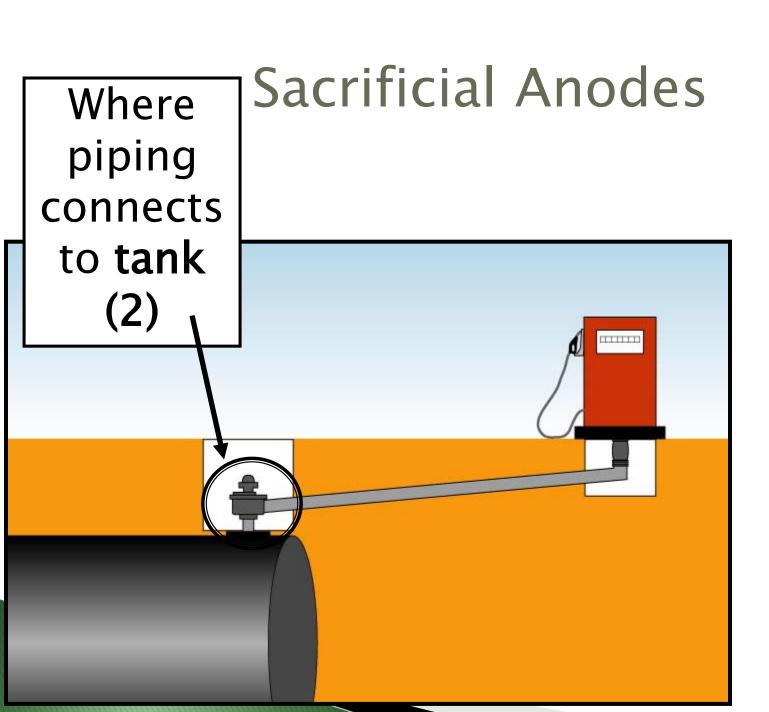






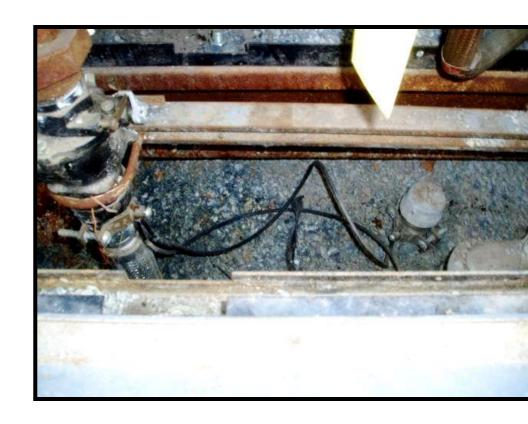


Tank Corrosion	Tank Leak Detection	Pi	oing Corrosion Protectio	n	Piping	Leak Detection – (ci	rcle one)
Protection		2	3	4	Suctio	on / Pressurized ,	/ Both
		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Isolated Booted	Method /	Method	Method (circle one) European	Method (circle one) ELLD	Method (circle one) LTT
		p. 14			American/ Standard	MLLD	SIR ELLD IM
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	N/A	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
Documentation	Documentation	Visual/ Invoice/ Contrac report		Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
Next date	Next date	N·/A	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date



SACRIFICIAL ANODES

Anode corrodes instead of piping component



Sacrificial Anodes:

Anodes
 connected via
 wires to metal
 piping



Sacrificial Anodes:

- ▶ Test every 3 years
- Hire a qualified cathodic protection tester
- Report results on UST-7A form
- Form is at

http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/ust/forms



NORTH CAROLINA CATHODIC PROTECTION SYSTEM EVALUATION FOR GALVANIC (SACRIFICIAL ANODE) SYSTEMS



Facility ID:

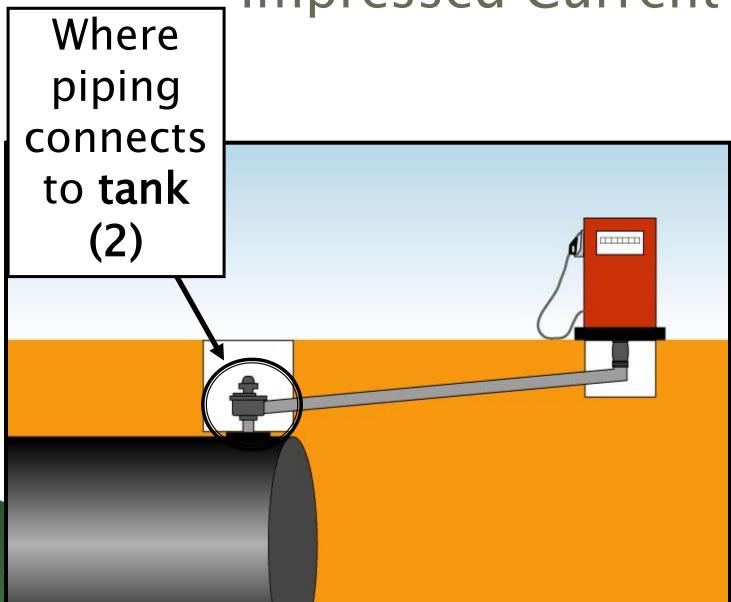
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- Access to the soil directly over the cathodically protected structure that is being evaluated must be provided.
- A site drawing depicting the UST cathodic protection system and all reference electrode placements must be completed.

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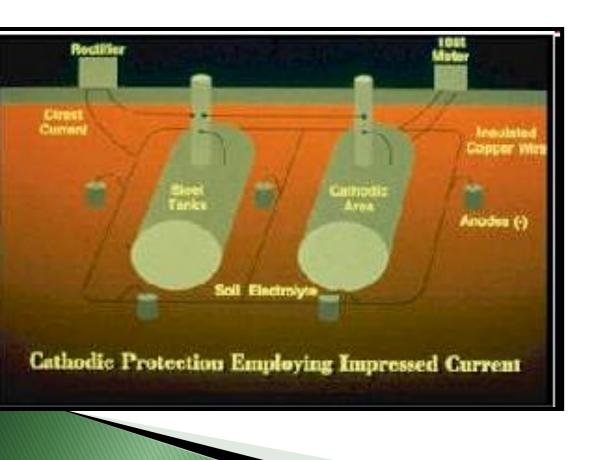
Name: Name:

Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	Pip	ng Corrosion Protection	1		Leak Detection – (cir	
		2	3	4	Suction	n / Pressurized /	
Method	Method	Tank end Method	Main Run Method	Dispenser end Method	Suction Method	Pressurized Method	Pressurized Method
		Sacrifici Anodes p. 14			(circle one) European American/ Standard	(circle one) ELLD MLLD	(circle one) LTT SIR ELLD
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
Documentation	Documentation	7A	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
Next date	Next date	Next date/_	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date

Impressed Current



IMPRESSED CURRENT



- Anodes located in soil around structures to be protected
- Electrical current is applied to anodes

Impressed Current:



- Requires
 dedicated and
 protected circuit
- Power must not be interrupted (except during testing)
- Breaks in wiring result in system failure

Impressed Current Requirements:



- Operator must inspect system every 60 days
- Reading con NOT be ZERO
- Reading can NOT change by more than 20%
- Make sure meter never loses power

Impressed Current Records

- Test IC system every 3 years
- Hire a qualified CP tester
- Report results on UST-7B form



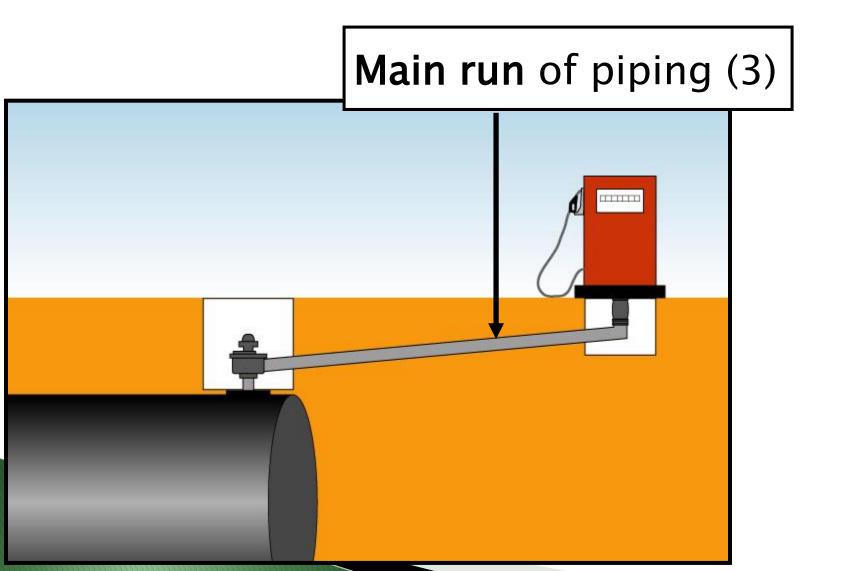
NORTH CAROLINA CATHODIC PROTECTION SYSTEM EVALUATION FOR IMPRESSED CURRENT SYSTEMS



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I. UST OWNER	II. UST FACILITY	
Name:	Name:	Facility ID:
Address:	Address:	

Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	2 <u>3</u>	Corrosion Protection	4		Leak Detection – (cir	
		Tankend	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Impresso Current p. 14	ethod	Method	Method (circle one) European American/ Standard	Method (circle one) ELLD MLLD	Method (circle one) LTT SIR ELLD
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	60 days 3 yrs	sting Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
Documentation	Documentation	Rectifier Reading 7B	ocumentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
Next date	Next date	Next date/_	ext date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date



Non-corrodible Materials

FRP (Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic)

DW FRP(Double-Walled FRP)





Non-corrodible Materials:

- FLEX
- DW Flex (double wall flex)









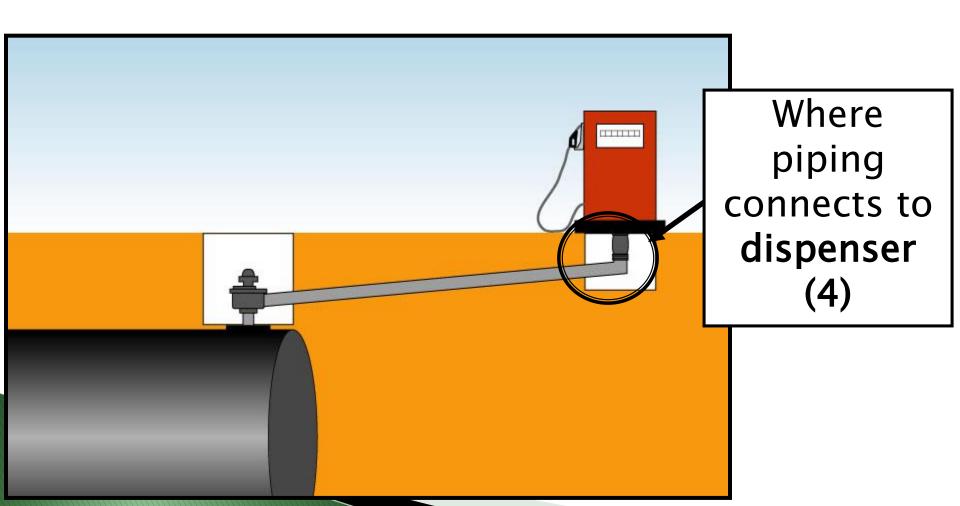
FRP Pipe

Non-corrodible Materials:

- Written verification of piping material
 - Installation invoice
 - Repair invoice
- Visual verification

Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection		iping Corrosion Protection			Leak Detection – (ci	
		2	3	4		on / Pressurized	
		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Method	FRP /	Nethod	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)	Method (circle one)
			Flex		European	ELLD	ιπ
					American/	MLLD	SIR
					Standard		ELLD
			p. 14				IM
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
			N/A				
Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Visual/	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
			Invoice/ Repair or Installation	on			
Next date	Next date	Next date	N/A	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date

Tank Corrosion	Tank Leak Detection	P	ping Corrosion Protection		Piping	Leak Detection – (ci	rcle one)
Protection		2	3	4	Suctio	on / Pressurized ,	/ Both
		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Method	Impresso Current p. 14	Method d	Method (circle one) European American/ Standard	Method (circle one) ELLD MLLD	Method (circle one) LTT SIR ELLD
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	60 days 3 yrs	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency
Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Rectifier Reading 7B	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date/_	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date



Tank Corrosion Protection	Tank Leak Detection	Pi	ping Corrosion Protectio	h		Leak Detection – (ci	
		2	3	4	Suction	on / Pressurized ,	/ Both
		Tank end	Main Run	Dispenser end	Suction	Pressurized	Pressurized
Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method	Method
					(circle one)	(circle one)	(circle one)
				Same	European	ELLD	ιπ
				options	American/	MLLD	SIR
				as #1	Standard	WILLD	ELLD
				d5 # I			IM
Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing Frequency	Testing	Testing	Testing
					Frequency	Frequency	Frequency
			-				
Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation
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Nove date	Nové doto	Nove data	Nové doés	Nove date	Neut det-	Nove data	Nove data
Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date	Next date
					I		

Problems with Corrosion Protection

- Inoperative corrosion protection systems
- Failed corrosion protection systems /or not providing adequte protection
 - Specific requirements for each situation:

tankschool/.ncdenr.gov

- "Guidance Documents"
 - "Corrosion Protection"

Exam

▶ Please answer questions #10 - 17

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